

Spelling lists – Stage 2

1. The /j/ sound spelled –dge at the end of words. This spelling is used after the short vowel sounds.
2. The /j/ sound spelled –ge at the end of words. This spelling comes after all sounds other than the 'short vowels.'
3. The /j/ sound spelled with a g.
4. The /s/ sound spelled c before e, i and y.
5. The /n/ sound spelled kn and gn at the beginning of words.
6. Challenge Words
7. The /r/ sound spelled 'wr' at the beginning of words.
8. The /l/ or /ul/ sound spelled '-le' at the end of words.
9. The /l/ or /ul/ sound spelled '-el' at the end of words. This spelling is used after m, n, r, s, v, w and commonly s.
10. The /l/ or /ul/ sound spelled '-al' at the end of words.
11. Words ending in '-il.'
12. Challenge Words
13. The long vowel 'i' spelled with a y at the end of words.
14. Adding '-es' to nouns and verbs ending in 'y.'
15. Adding '-ed' to words ending in y. The y is changed to an i.
16. Adding '-er' to words ending in y. The y is changed to an i.
17. Adding 'ing' to words ending in 'e' with a consonant before it.
18. Challenge Words
19. Adding 'er' to words ending in 'e' with a consonant before it.
20. Adding '-ing' to words of one syllable. The last letter is doubled to keep the short vowel sound.
21. Adding '-ed' to words of one syllable. The last letter is doubled to keep the short vowel sound.
22. The 'or' sound spelled 'a' before ll and ll
23. The short vowel sound 'o.'
24. Challenge Words
25. The /ee/ sound spelled '-ey'
26. Words with the spelling 'a' after w and qu.
27. The /er/ and /or/ sound spelled with or or ar.
28. The /z/ sound spelled s.
29. The suffixes '-ment' and '-ness'
30. The suffixes '-ful' and '-less' If a suffix starts with a consonant letter. It is added straight onto most root words.
31. These words are homophones or near homophones. They have the same pronunciation but different spellings and/or meanings
32. These words are homophones or near homophones. They have the same pronunciation but different spellings and/or meanings.
33. Words ending in '-tion.'
34. Contractions – the apostrophe shows where a letter or letters would be if the words were written in full.
35. The possessive apostrophe (singular)
36. Challenge Words



Stage 2 – Common Exception Words.

These words can be used to supplement the weekly lists. Some words are pronounced differently with different accents to edit as required. Some are also included in weekly lists. We recommend that these words be practised through the year alongside spelling pattern words.

door	floor	poor	because	find
kind	mind	behind	child	children
wild	climb	most	only	both
old	cold	gold	hold	told
every	everybody	even	great	break
steak	pretty	beautiful	after	fast
last	past	father	class	grass
pass	plant	path	bath	hour
move	prove	improve	sure	sugar
eye	could	should	would	who
whole	any	many	clothes	busy
people	water	again	half	money
Mr	Mrs	parents	Christmas	